C. Huang, J. Chang. Tele-homecare and telehealth care network in Taiwan. Gerontechnology 2008; 7(2):125. In Taiwan, there are three types of caring patterns for elders, Home Care Service, Community Care Service and Institution Care Service. Based on the ability of taking care of oneself, the Institution Care Service can be subdivided into three different levels, Secure Service Home, Raising Service Home, and Nursing Service Home. In recent years many syndicates have advanced the welfare park of health caring village, the purpose is to provide a perfect caring system, improving the living quality for the elders. Each type of Care Service has its own advantages and disadvantages, and the focus of this research is to analyze which Care Service is worth while to develop in Taiwan based on the users' need and demand. Methods This research had designed 'Questionnaire of the Needs for Care Service' to the elders. Moreover, through analyzing the statistic of the questionnaire, it estimates peoples' knowledge toward the levels and the affinity of different caring patterns, also served as an index for Care Service industry. Besides, this dissertation will propose another innovate Commercial Management pattern for the Elder Care Service, named as 'Small Scale of Multiple Care Service Spot'. This innovative Care Service is directly designed for the abidingly retiring elders in the coming future, those who are stationed in any of these Care Service Spots will be able to enjoy a much higher quality environment. They will be provided with thorough services such as food, clothes, domicile, transportation, education, entertainment, medical treatment, the developing of body and mind also include the life time learning service. Results and discussion All these services enable youngsters to work contentedly while their parents are under such comprehensive care services. Such innovated pattern can also be expanded, adding more spots or managed as linked industry, this not only can be duplicated, removed, but the residents can also cross different areas freely, as well as crossing various nations to the linked spots for long stay. This dissertation will also be aimed at the Care Service Pattern in order to develop a set of Distance Health Monitor System, proving the possibility of the remote health monitoring test. Finally, this dissertation will provide some crucial techniques and limited conditions for the development of 'Small Scale of Multiple Care Service Spot', also served as a reference of setting spot and how to manage for the near future.

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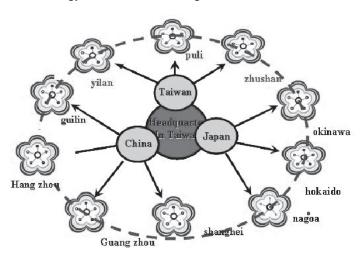


Figure 1. Innovative care model for elderly